

Multi-State VMT-Based Road-User Fee Initiative

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#### The I-95 Corridor Coalition

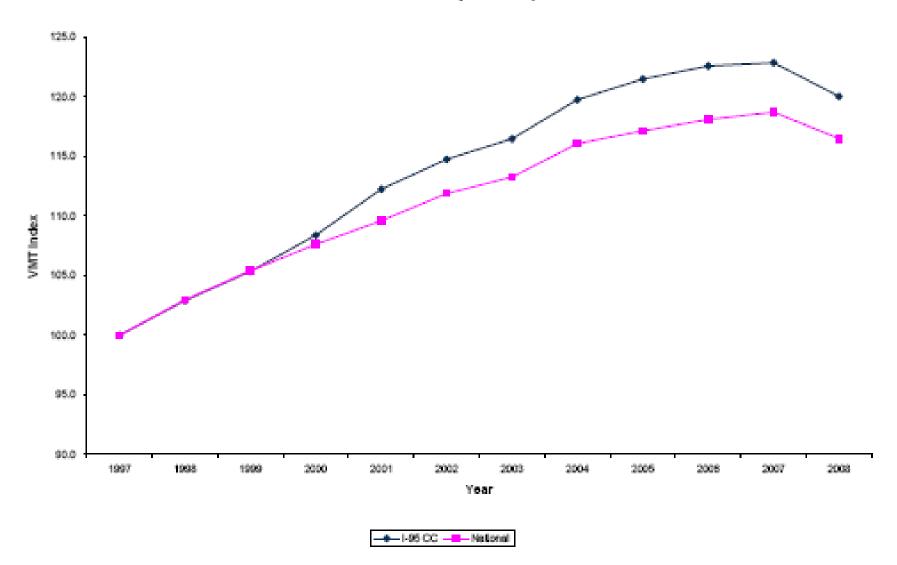
- Transportation agencies, authorities, operators,
   MPOs, public safety and related organizations
  - Maine to Florida, with affiliate members in Canada
- Forum address multi-modal transportation management and operations issues of common interest
- Volunteer, consensus-driven organization
- Allows state, local and regional members to work together to improve transportation system performance far more than they could working individually.





### VMT Growth 1997-2008





#### VMT-Fee Initiative Focus

- Distance-based road user charging a key issue and opportunity in Coalition's Strategic Vision
- Coalition Executive Board direction to embark on a program to explore Coalition roles



- Decision to focus on administrative, institutional and legal issues
  - Complement work being performed by others
- Agreement to work towards definition of a multistate trial in the Coalition region, anticipating regional and national needs





### VMT-Based Fee Initiative Objectives

- Build consensus on a comprehensive set of functions to be included
- Identify alternative mechanisms for governing and administering multi-state VMT fee collection
- Explore existing multi-state revenue collection systems for lessons that can applied
- Prepare preliminary estimates of the costs of administration and enforcement with different options
- Identify legal issues that may constitute barriers or opportunities





### VMT Member Advisory Committee

- Connecticut DOT
- DC DOT
- Delaware DOT
- Delaware River Port Authority
- Delaware Valley Regional Planning Comm.
- FHWA
- Florida DOT
- I-95 Corridor Coalition
- Maine DOT
- Maryland DOT
- Maryland SHA
- Mass EOT
- MassHighway

- MTA Bridges & Tunnels
- New Hampshire DOT
- New Jersey Turnpike Auth.
- New York City DOT
- New York Metro Transp Council
- New York State DOT
- North Carolina DOT
- Pennsylvania DOT
- Port Authority of NY & NJ
- Rhode Island DOT
- So Jersey Transp Planning Org
- Vermont AOT
- Virginia DOT/Transp Research Council





## System Functionality

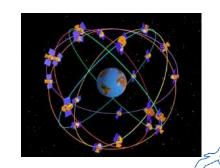
- Administrative needs and costs of a multi-state system defined by the functions encompassed
- Examining three levels of functionality as defined by the NCHRP 20-24(69) RAND report:
  - Simple "mileage metering based on fuel consumption"





■ Moderate – OBD-II with cellular communications

Complex – GPS/GNSS solutions





### Member Inputs on Functionality

- Functionality represented by the simple option may not be sufficient
- Implementation won't happen quickly, so no need to move towards deploying the simple option just for that purpose
- Functionality represented by the complex option <u>must</u> be considered
- "Scalable, flexible, and interoperable"





### Administrative Requirements

- Enroll user participants (either volunteer or mandatory)
- Accumulate mileages and related charges, by state, jurisdiction, and agency
- Calculate and reconcile mileage traveled by jurisidiction
- Distribute revenues among participating parties
- Calculate fees and invoice users with multiple methods of payment and billing processes





### Administrative Requirements

- Maintain user interfaces and communication
- Enforce, audit, and ensure security
  - Ensure collection of fees from users
  - Ensure proper distribution of funds among agencies
- Identify state and multi-state administrative units and their respective responsibilities
- Governance procedures to address relationships between states by defining multistate agreements
  - State responsibilities
  - Other agency roles, rules and requirements





### The Question of Administrative Costs

#### Prevailing thoughts on cost of collection....

- The cost of collecting the Motor Fuel Tax is extremely efficient
- The cost motor vehicle registration varies, but is relatively effective means of revenue collection.
- ETC often viewed as expensive ongoing operating costs
- ... but the cost of VMT-based fees will exceed all.





# Collection Costs vs. Receipts

		Admin -		
States	Admin - MFT	Veh Reg	\$/Veh Reg	
Connecticut	0.95%	16.35%	\$	16.30
Delaware	1.10%	3.96%	\$	5.79
Dist Col		12.01%	\$	40.99
Florida	1.13%	7.34%	\$	5.72
Georgia	1.07%	20.89%	\$	8.85
Maine	0.38%	26.81%	\$	22.49
Maryland	0.89%	13.76%	\$	34.55
Massachusetts	0.90%	14.84%	\$	9.12
New Hampshire	0.49%	17.52%	\$	16.63
New Jersey	1.00%	15.70%	\$	16.64
New York	1.00%	17.97%	\$	14.45
North Carolina	1.40%	14.41%	\$	9.39
Pennsylvania	0.86%	8.97%	\$	8.12
Rhode Island	0.36%	21.62%	\$	18.76
South Carolina	1.39%	27.11%	\$	13.95
Vermont	0.92%	10.09%	\$	21.55
Virginia	0.84%	14.79%	\$	19.84
I-95 Corridor	0.86%	12.79%	\$	11.88
National	0.82%	11.04%	\$	12.89

### **Key Cost Drivers**

- Numbers of users and of agencies
- Required level of detail of VMT data by geographic area, by time of day, by facility
- Whether existing processes and practices, such as state registrations, can be leveraged
- Frequency of updates mileage by jurisdiction, billing, and collection





#### Administrative Cost Drivers

- Level of customer service and communication
- Level of monitoring, including identifying unregistered or newly registered vehicles and identifying delinquent accounts
- Enforcement and auditing to minimize evasion and to assure collections and revenue distribution
- Ability to leverage existing systems such as the IRP, E-ZPass<sup>®</sup> IAG, etc.





#### Institutional Considerations

- States and toll agencies want to maintain their own customer interfaces and data, while achieving efficiencies from vendors and multistate agreements
- "Institutional Options" are a sliding scale
  - Contract services
  - In-house services
  - Multi-state agreements





### Legal Issues

- Objective is to identify issues of most concern to member agencies
  - Conducting a survey of legal staff in a cross section of member agencies
  - Will conduct follow-up discussions
- Will develop a strategy to address issues and opportunities
  - Tax or user fee?
  - Do restrictions on use of motor fuel taxes apply?
  - Ability to collect fee based on mileage driven on all roads (including non state-owned facilities)
  - Authority to enforce against out-of-state violators





#### A Multi-State VMT-Based Fee Trial

- Attractiveness of the Coalition Region
  - Significant amount of multi-state freight movement and passenger travel
  - Abundance of toll facilities
  - Existence of variably priced facilities
  - Opportunities to test applications of a variety of policies as reflected in rate structures, collection methods, enforcement practices, etc.
  - Coordinating structure already in place through the I-95 Corridor Coalition





#### Multi-State Trial

- Possible issues to be explored in a multi-state trial in the Coalition region:
  - Distributing fees among participating states/agencies
  - Development of a vehicle registry network (perhaps building on AAMVA and IRP systems)
  - Integrated payment system concepts incorporating time-based and toll-facility charges
  - Issues of frequency of payments & payment channels
  - Collecting Federal fees through a state network
  - Open system concepts involving multiple vendors and technologies
  - An institutional prototype (collection service with retention of agency relationship with customers)

